



2017 MEDICARE AMOUNTS

Part A - Hospital Insurance

Part A Standard Premium - No charge for most people (at least 40 work credits)
 \$413 per month for people with less than 30 work credits
 \$227 per month for people with 30 or more work credits

Part A Deductible for Each Benefit Period	\$1,316
Hospital Inpatient	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • \$0 for days 1-60 • \$329 a day for days 61-90 • \$658 a day for days 91-150 (lifetime reserve days) • All costs for all days after 150
Skilled Nursing Facility	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • \$0 for days 1-20 • \$164.50 a day for days 21-100 • All costs for all days after 100
Home Health Care	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • \$0 for home health care services • 20% of the Medicare-approved amount for durable medical equipment
Hospice Care	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • \$0 for hospice care <p>You may need to pay a copayment of no more than \$5 for each prescription drug and other similar products for pain relief and symptom control while you're at home. In the rare case your drug isn't covered by the hospice benefit, your hospice provider should contact your Medicare drug plan to see if it's covered under Part D.</p> <p>You may need to pay 5% of the Medicare-approved amount for inpatient respite care.</p> <p>Medicare doesn't cover room and board when you get hospice care in your home or another facility where you live (like a nursing home).</p>

Part A Late Enrollment Surcharges/Penalties:

If you aren't eligible for premium-free Part A, and you don't buy it when you're first eligible, your monthly premium may go up 10%. You'll have to pay the higher premium for twice the number of years you could've had Part A, but didn't sign up.



Part B - Medical Insurance

Part B deductible - \$183 per year

Part B coinsurance - After your deductible is met, you typically pay 20% of the Medicare-approved amount for most doctor services (including most doctor services while you're a hospital inpatient), outpatient therapy, and durable medical equipment.

Part B Standard Premium - \$134 per month (or higher depending on your income)

The standard Part B premium amount in 2017 will be \$134 (or higher depending on your income). However, most people who get Social Security benefits will pay less than this amount. This is because the Part B premium increased more than the cost-of-living increase for 2017 Social Security benefits. If you pay your Part B premium through your monthly Social Security benefit, you'll pay less (\$109 on average). Social Security will tell you the exact amount you will pay for Part B in 2017.

You'll pay the standard premium amount if:

- You enroll in Part B for the first time in 2017.
- You don't get Social Security benefits.
- You're directly billed for your Part B premiums.
- You have Medicare and Medicaid, and Medicaid pays your premiums. (Your state will pay the standard premium amount of \$134.)
- Your modified adjusted gross income as reported on your IRS tax return from 2 years ago is above a certain amount. If so, you'll pay the standard premium amount and an Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount (IRMAA). IRMAA is an extra charge added to your premium

Since 2007, beneficiaries with higher incomes have paid higher Medicare Part B monthly premiums. These income-related monthly premium rates affect roughly five percent of people with Medicare. The total Medicare Part B premiums for high income beneficiaries for 2017 are shown in the following table:

If your yearly income in 2016 (for what you pay in 2017) was			
File individual tax return	File joint tax return	File married and separate tax return	You pay (in 2017)
\$85,000 or less	\$170,000 or less	\$85,000 or less	\$134.00
above \$85,000 up to \$107,000	above \$170,000 up to \$214,000	Not applicable	\$187.50
above \$107,000 up to \$160,000	above \$214,000 up to \$320,000	Not applicable	\$267.90
above \$160,000 up to \$214,000	above \$320,000 up to \$428,000	above \$85,000 and up to \$129,000	\$348.30
above \$214,000	above \$428,000	above \$129,000	\$428.60



Part B Late Enrollment Surcharges/Penalties:

If you don't sign up for Part B when you're first eligible, or if you drop Part B and then get it later, you may have to pay a late enrollment penalty for as long as you have Medicare. Your monthly premium for Part B may go up 10% for each full 12-month period that you could've had Part B, but didn't sign up for it.

Part D – Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage

Part D Base Beneficiary Premium - \$35.63 (Used to determine any late enrollment penalty amount).

Listed below are the 2017 Part D monthly income-related premium adjustment amounts to be paid by beneficiaries who file an individual tax return (including those who are single, head of household, qualifying widow(er) with dependent child, or married filing separately who lived apart from their spouse for the entire taxable year), or a joint tax return.

File individual tax return	File joint tax return	File married and separate tax return	You pay (in 2016) Income-related monthly adjustment amount + your plan premium (YPP)
	\$170,000 or less	\$85,000 or less	\$0.00 + YPP
above \$85,000 up to \$107,000	above \$170,000 up to \$214,000	Not applicable	\$13.30 + YPP
	above \$214,000 up to \$320,000	Not applicable	\$34.20 + YPP
above \$160,000 up to \$214,000	above \$320,000 up to \$428,000	above \$85,000 and up to \$129,000	\$55.20 + YPP
	above \$428,000	above \$129,000	\$76.20 + YPP

Part D deductibles, copayments, & coinsurance:

The amount you pay for Part D deductibles, copayments, and/or coinsurance varies by plan. [Look for specific Medicare drug plan costs](#), and then call the plans you're interested in to get more details.

Part D Late Enrollment Surcharges/Penalties:

If you don't sign up for Part D when you're first eligible, or if you drop Part D and then get it later, you may have to pay a late enrollment penalty for as long as you have Part D. The cost of the late enrollment penalty depends on how long you didn't have creditable prescription drug coverage. The late enrollment penalty is calculated by multiplying 1% of the national base beneficiary premium (\$35.63 in 2017) times the number of full, uncovered months that you were eligible but didn't join a Medicare prescription drug plan and went without other creditable prescription drug coverage. This final amount is rounded to the nearest \$.10 and added to your monthly premium. The national base beneficiary premium may increase each year, so the penalty amount may also increase each year.